

# Sheriff Edwards Says 25 Cotton, Wool, Sugar and Steel Bills Ready to Go to the White House.

## HOUSES HIT; FIRE RETURNED BY TROOPS

Mexican rebel soldiers fired at a United States patrol station near the scene of the shooting, says the sheriff. The shooting occurred at 9:30 p.m. and the soldiers on patrol duty reported to him that the first shots came from the Mexican side and that they answered it with their rifles. Sheriff Edwards is making an investigation of the shooting and will report to Col. E. Z. Steever and to Col. D. A. Fredrick. The shooting occurred at a point opposite monument No. 7, one-fourth of a mile east of the foundry. Capt. Berry says that not more than 20 shots were fired.

C. H. Cole, who lives at 2601 Corona street, within 20 feet of the line at the scene of the shooting, says that he heard a number of the bullets strike his adobe house, although he was unable to find any of the bullets because of the porous condition of the adobe blocks. Mr. Cole says that he was asleep on the roof of his home when the firing started.

The first shot awakened him and both he and his wife heard the bullets striking their house. He says that there were more than 40 shots fired and they were answered by the United States soldiers. Mr. Cole says there is a Mexican settlement on the opposite side of the river from his home and he believes that Mexican rebel soldiers fired at the United States soldiers in order to attract attention away from the attempted ammunition smuggling below the foundry.

**Mexicans Deliberately Fired.**  
That Mexicans deliberately and in defiance to the Americans, fired at least 25 shots from the Mexican side at Texas soil in the opinion of sheriff Peyton J. Edwards. No one on either side was hit as far as can be ascertained.

There were 25 shots fired by the Mexicans, I counted them, said the sheriff Saturday morning. It was just deliberate meanness on the part of the Mexicans.

Under the directions of sheriff Edwards, the deputies under his looking over the houses in East El Paso for bullets. These when found will be brought to the sheriff's office as evidence.

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**BOY IS CRUSHED BENEATH ICE WAGON**  
Was Coasting Down Brown Street and Collided With Heavy Wagon.

While coasting in his wagon down Brown street, a boy, aged 10, was killed by a heavy ice wagon which was coasting down the alley that intersects with Brown street. The wagon was coasting down the alley and the boy was killed by the wheels of the wagon passing over his head, which was fractured over the right eye and at the base of the skull. The wagon, a Globe model, was driven by E. Burnett and Stanley, who remained at the scene of the accident until coroner E. B. McCintock arrived.

At the point where the boy was coasting, there was a high board fence, making it impossible for him to see up the alley, down which the ice wagon was coasting, nor could the drivers see the boy. According to the coroner, the boy's death was accidental.

The deceased was the son of Wade Schriener, a member of the construction of the Paso del Norte hotel, who with his family has lived at 1215 Brown street. The funeral services will be held from the residence Saturday afternoon. Interment will be made in Concordia cemetery.

**VISIT SCENE OF ALLEGED BRIBERY**  
Darrow Jury and Judge Hold Session of Court on Notable Spot.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 3.—A brief session of the bribery trial of Clarence S. Darrow was held today at the corner of Third and Los Angeles streets, the scene of the alleged bribery of George N. Lusk.

When court convened Judge Hutton announced that he needed further time before ruling on the objection of the defense to certain questions asked the defendant upon cross examination, and deferred his ruling until Monday morning.

A 15 minute recess was then declared with court reconvening at the scene of the alleged bribery. At that time, the defense attorneys, including the saloon from which detectives of the district attorney's office had watched the transaction, during which Judge Hutton explained to the jury the points involved in the evidence, the court officials' attorney and jury returned to the court room where an adjournment was declared until Monday morning.

**MORMONS GO TO ARIZONA FROM CASAS GRANDES: MAY JOIN FEDERALS**

Casas Grandes, Chih., Aug. 3.—About 100 Mormons left Colonia Duran Saturday morning, fully armed, ostensibly to round up their stock, but said to be advancing south to meet and join the federal forces.

Gen. Salazar is at Casas Grandes with about 1000 men. Col. Demetrio Ponce arrived here Friday night with 500 men and has joined Salazar.

# RECIPROCITY BILL NOT TO BE REPEALED

## Washington, D. C., Aug. 3.—Some of president Taft's supporters in the senate today declared they had information that the president would veto every one of the tariff bills now under consideration. The cotton, wool, sugar and steel bills are nearly ready to go to the white house for signature.

By a vote of 25 to 25, the senate agreed to recede from its Canadian reciprocity repeal amendment on the steel bill. This leaves the bill approved by both houses. It will go to the president at once.

**Salts to Befields.**  
Evidence of the growing anxiety of the administration in regard to the revolutionary movement in Nicaragua was shown yesterday, when a letter was issued to the gunboat Tacoma, at Guantanamo, Cuba, to proceed forthwith to Bluefields, Nicaragua, on the Caribbean coast. She is due there next Monday and will try to communicate with Managua to allow minister Weitzel to keep the state department informed of developments.

The gunboat Annapolis, on the west coast, has been getting only fragmentary advice from Managua. These have been sufficiently alarming to warrant sending another warship.

Poor crops and a paralysis of business, which administration officials have ascribed to the failure of the American senate to approve the pending treaty to rehabilitate the finances of Nicaragua, are declared to be powerful factors in strengthening the revolt against president Diaz.

Nicaraguan minister Castillo today received a cablegram from the minister of foreign relations at Managua announcing that the Nicaraguan government accepted the invitation of the United States to participate in the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco.

Inasmuch as the message came through from Managua without delay and contained no mention of the revolution, senator Castillo expressed the belief that the situation in Nicaragua was not alarmingly serious.

**To Reduce the Tariff.**  
Representative Levy, of New York, Democrat yesterday introduced a bill in the house authorizing the secretary of the treasury to use the moneys in the general fund to reduce the tariff on articles of general consumption and to reduce the cost of living. There was a surplus in the fund of more than \$125,000,000.

Mr. Levy declared, which would be augmented by the sale of Panama canal bonds until that amount would be more than doubled.

Payment of \$25,000,000 in pensions to veterans of the Mexican and civil wars is being held up by the delay of the congress on the pension appropriation bill. Vouchers are ready for mailing if congress would agree on the bill, but it is held up by a dispute over the abandonment of pension agencies.

**Steadfast Struggle Expected.**  
The fight over the question of battle ships in the present naval appropriation bill has grown so intense that the measure will not be brought up in the house until next Thursday, after the Democratic caucus has acted on its former bill.

The caucus will be held Tuesday night and a struggle is expected.

**New Contribution Bill Formed.**  
An indirectly suggested bill, based on senator Culberson's measure to forbid corporate contributions to an election which would be brought up by a representative is to be voted for, and making it unlawful for any person other than a citizen to contribute more than \$5000 to such an election, was prepared today and will be recommended to the house by the committee on privilege and elections.

**Will Drop Harford Case.**  
The committee on judicial later adopted the recommendations of its sub committee and on Monday chairman Clayton will move in the house that the further prosecution of Judge Harford be abandoned.

The post office appropriation was today before the senate again. The post office provision was expected to take many hours of debate. On the other hand, the measure was expected to take two hours is required to bring about the proposed amendments on the steel tariff bill.

The cotton tariff bill, passed by the house yesterday, was reported to the senate at its opening of today's session and referred to the finance committee.

**Naval Conference Report Agreed To.**  
The house today agreed to the conference report on the wool tariff revision bill, by a vote of 166 to 10. The measure now will go to the president.

**MCDONALD CLOSES THE DOOR TO PRIZE BOUTS**  
Says There Will Be No More in New Mexico While He Is Governor.

Santa Fe, N. M., Aug. 3.—Declaring that he was head of the militia and that there would be no more prize fights in New Mexico, and that boxing contests would be stopped at the end of 10 rounds hereafter, governor McDonald today closed the door to prize bouts.

He said that if the people wanted prize fights, they should go to the states which meet in January, should pass a fight bill by a two-thirds vote which was an intimation that he would use his veto.

**Clans Fast Gathering at Chicago For Bull Moose Convention Next Monday.**

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 3.—William Flinn, the Pennsylvania Roosevelt leader, who arrived here today, said he was "still a Republican," and that he regarded the Progressive convention next Monday as Republican.

California's delegation to the National Progressive convention arrived today, headed by governor Hiram Johnson. The Californians brought with them the same state banners used at the Republican national convention in June.

William Flinn and governor Johnson were at once called into conference with senator Joseph M. Dixon and the chief of the state police.

# CALIFORNIA AND TEXAS ON GROUND

## FEDERALS REPORTED NEAR TO CORRALITOS

A troop train has been made ready to leave Juarez over the Mexico Northern Western railroad Saturday afternoon with the purpose of getting to Casas Grandes if it is possible. A large quantity of oil was carried on the train by the rebels and it is believed it is for the purpose of burning the bridges and cutting off the federal forces. Whether they will burn the bridges between Juarez and Guzman the rebels would not commit themselves, but say that the federal forces have reached Corralitos they will dismember the train at Guzman and go over to Casas Grandes in order to meet Salazar, who is there with 1000 men.

Lieut. Col. Rafael Trejo is in charge of the train and he says that he will carry 400 rebel troops with him. Jose Garcia Cuadra, secretary of Gen. Salazar, will also make the trip.

**Salazar's Men.**  
Federals from the state of Sonora commanded by Gen. Sanjines arrived Friday at Ramos, a settlement 15 miles west of Corralitos, which is on the border of the Mexican North Western railroad. In Juarez it is believed that the federal forces are slowly moving toward the rebels.

**Number Delegates Not Known.**  
It will not be known until Monday just how many delegates will attend the convention. While the call for the gathering allotted delegates to the different states according to their representation in congress, many states will send more than 1000. Instead of seven delegates, as first arranged for it is said Connecticut will send 40, each delegate having one seventh of a vote. Other states will send more than 100 delegates.

The notional committee will settle the contests from several states, including Georgia, Mississippi, South Carolina and Florida. The contestants are principally negroes.

**REBELS TAKE TELEGRAPH LINES.**  
Rebels took possession of the telegraph lines of the Mexican North Western railroad and nearly all of Salazar's men will have to leave the line on all messages which came through for other parties.

**Will Leave Wounded Rebels.**  
The 22 wounded rebels who were brought to Juarez Saturday morning, will be left in the city after the rebels leave as it will be impossible for them to be moved along with the rebel force. The rebels will have to leave the wounded in the city after the rebels leave.

**CONSUL WEBER IS PROBING HANGINGS**  
Men Hanged in Sonora Were German Citizens: American Woman's Plight.

Douglas, Ariz., Aug. 3.—Chief of police Smith received a telegram this morning from Mexico City, Germany consul at Juarez, requesting information concerning the citizenship of the men hanged at the Montevideo mine.

Both Guido Schuber and his wife, Herta, were German subjects. Schuber was 35 years old and his wife was 30. They were both residents at Bakersfield, Cal., and were both well known.

His father's name was Erbert and his mother's name was the same. He was 39 years of age.

Mrs. Frank E. Gillette, an American citizen, appealed to United States consuls at Juarez and Douglas, Ariz., for assistance. The woman's husband was killed by five bandits who broke in the door of the couple who were sitting at supper. They beat him and then he was killed with machetes before he managed to fight them away by the use of a knife. The body of the man was found in a neighbor and spent the night lying to return, she stated. Next morning she found the body of her husband lying on a table in the house.

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**PROGRESSIVES OF ILLINOIS MEETING**  
Is Thought They Will Place a Full State Ticket in the Field.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 3.—Little doubt exists among the 700 delegates who are here for the third party convention, that a full state ticket will be placed in the field.

The platform, it was said, will among other things, declare for woman suffrage, the initiative and referendum, an eight hour day for men and women alike, who are engaged in pursuits classified as labor.

Medill McCormick, chairman of the convention, will follow the program of the convention to order at 11:30 o'clock and introduced Charles E. Merriam as temporary chairman.

**Conventions Enthusiastic.**  
The convention opened today with an enthusiastic demonstration for Col. Roosevelt. The convention shouted, whistled and sang for nearly 15 minutes when a large picture of Col. Roosevelt was unveiled on the stage.

Col. Roosevelt, who was congratulated the delegates on their stand for a third state ticket.

After chairman Merriam had delivered his address and rules were adopted, a recess was taken.

Col. Roosevelt's telegram received by chairman Merriam was in part as follows:

I wish to congratulate the Illinois Progressives on their stand for a third ticket. This is the course that has been decided upon in Indiana, Michigan and Missouri.

"While there are certain states where the conditions render it unnecessary, I am firmly convinced that it must not only be followed, and certainly in all cases unless there is a ticket already in the field which the Progressives are willing to endorse."

After a temporary organization had been effected, the convention adjourned until 2:30 when it was announced that Col. Johnson, of California, and Governor Pinchot, would deliver addresses.

**WILSON WILL NOT STUMP THE COUNTRY**  
Also Says He Will Not Indulge in Personalities; Decides Course.

Sea Girt, N. J., Aug. 3.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson will not stump the country in his campaign for the presidency and will indulge in no personalities, he declared today. He will follow a program of scheduled addresses to be based on calls from various states.

# TROOP TRAIN FROM JUAREZ TO CARRY 400 SOLDIERS TO GUZMAN.

## COMMITTEE COMING TO INVESTIGATE

Washington, D. C., Aug. 3.—Considerable mystery exists as to the resolution rushed through the senate yesterday by senator Bailey for an appropriation of \$100,000 for the transportation of refugees at El Paso to such destinations as they may elect. The Texas delegate at the house does not know what to make of it. They have received no requests for such legislation. Representative W. R. Smith has not been communicated with about it, and knows nothing of the motives which actuated its adoption by the senate. Until he hears from his constituents and representations are made indicating that an emergency exists at El Paso, he will do nothing.

**Resolution Is Laid Over.**  
The resolution reaching the house this morning and there being nobody interested enough in it to call it up, it was referred to the house military affairs committee.

Chairman Hay believes the proposed legislation is hasty, and will go slow. It will have to be demonstrated to him that there is a crisis at El Paso sufficiently acute to warrant the expenditure of \$100,000 in a resolution so loosely drawn that under its terms any refugee at El Paso might demand a ticket to Boston or Portland, ride as far as Albuquerque and there leave the train and sell the ticket, pocketing the balance.

A telegram received here today from mayor C. E. Kelly of El Paso indicated that the mayor does not favor the resolution, but it is understood that the Mormon leaders are in favor of it.

**For a Mexico Probe.**  
The senate resolution directing a commission of three to be appointed by the war department, to conduct an investigation into the activities of Americans against Mexico and to report their findings to congress, which passed the senate some days ago, and was called up in the house late last night by representative Smith of Texas, it was agreed to by the house and adopted.

**Great Interest Aroused.**  
The suggestion of The El Paso Herald to members of the senate and house officials to visit El Paso about August 12, to confer regarding conditions in Mexico, aroused great interest in Washington yesterday. It was eagerly seized upon by newspaper correspondents and by the men sent to their papers as reflecting the seriousness of conditions on the border. Copies were circulated freely on the floors of the senate and house and the proposition was generally discussed at the capital and it focused attention on the Mexican situation.

But for the fact that congress is laboring with a great mass of important unfinished business, there is no doubt that the suggestion would have been accepted by those to whom it was addressed. But a great many important matters in which all those invited are vitally interested, are pending and must not be set aside before congress adjourns, which may not occur until September 1.

**Favor a Conference.**  
Senator Fall of New Mexico and senator Smith of Arizona thought the idea a good one. They said El Paso might, however, that it would be impossible for them to go to El Paso at this time despite his great interest in the situation there.

Senator Smoot thought the idea a good one, but said he could not possibly attend.

Secretary Knox and assistant secretary of state Wilson do not care to express an opinion about the matter, but they will not refuse to do so.

**Special Investigation Committee.**  
The special investigation committee, headed by senator William Aldrich and Smith, which is to investigate the charges that Americans have been trading with the Mexican revolutionaries in Mexico and Cuba, particularly was appealed to. Senator Smith sent word to The El Paso Herald that his committee would visit the city as soon as possible, but it would not be able to take part in a conference there as soon as it exists.

**Exports to Juarez Ceased.**  
Exports to Juarez through the El Paso custom house have ceased, except the small exports made over the two bridges. When the North Western track was torn up on the Juarez side the custom house of making goods get across the bridges. The Mexican Central has been torn up at the international bridge for several months.

**CUSTOMS OFFICERS LEAVE JUAREZ FOR AMERICAN SIDE**  
Many of the rebel customs officers are reported coming to El Paso as a result of the decision of the rebel chiefs to leave Juarez during the next few days. The American customs officers are now in El Paso.

**SAJONES IN BAYLOR.**  
Mexico City, Mex., Aug. 3.—Gen. Sanjines reports to the president that he has occupied Baviacora, near Ojitos, after a brief engagement with the rebels. The laconic character of his report caused the president to believe the resistance was slight.

# Mayor Believes Cotton Addition Is Better Location than Washington Park—Provision Fund Is Rapidly Exhausted, but May Be Augmented by Congress—Sending Away Some Refugees.

## Globe, Ariz., Aug. 3.—The distribution of Mormon refugees from Mexico among Mormon colonies in Arizona, began today with the arrival here of three carloads of men, women and children who fled from the state of Sonora. More than a hundred were sent on to Thatcher, 20 to Safford and the remainder to Pima, where they will be looked after by members of their church.

A Mormon tent city has been established on the Texas and Pacific reservation in East El Paso. The tents from the army depot at St. Louis began arriving Friday night and 80 of the "A" Second cavalry Saturday morning for the use of the refugees, who have been housed in the abandoned number sheds on the abandoned Santa Fe railroad. Bathrooms, toilets, kitchen tents and sanitary sinks have also been established by the soldiers under the direction of Capt. E. J. Bowers, and according to the most modern sanitary regulations of the United States army. Most of the tents will be set up at the tent city as rapidly as they are needed and it is probable that by the end of the week the refugees and children at the refugee camp on Magoffin avenue who are not sent to the tents or Utah will be removed to the tents.

Another 100 tents have been shipped to El Paso, and the United States army for the use of the colonists from Colonia Diaz, who are in a refugee camp near Hermosillo. The full 500 tents ordered sent to El Paso will be available for the use of the Mormons if they are needed.

**Loaded by Rebels.**  
Passengers on the North Western train from the south brought messages to the Mormons that the rebels had taken stores were being looted by the rebels who are back in that district after the battle of Ojitos. The Olsen Mercantile company, of which E. E. Bowman is manager, was looted of two carloads of dry goods Friday, according to the advice which Mr. Bowman has received from Colonia Duran. Two freight cars were taken to the station at Colonia Duran and the cars loaded with goods from the mercantile company's big store there. The cars were then run up the track to Casas Grandes and Pearson, where the "common people" were permitted to help themselves to the goods. The Olsen Mercantile company, of which E. E. Bowman is manager, was looted of two carloads of dry goods Friday, according to the advice which Mr. Bowman has received from Colonia Duran. Two freight cars were taken to the station at Colonia Duran and the cars loaded with goods from the mercantile company's big store there. The cars were then run up the track to Casas Grandes and Pearson, where the "common people" were permitted to help themselves to the goods.

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Chloe Clifton, a nurse sent by the United States army to look after the refugees, reported that the refugees were in poor health. Many of the refugees were suffering from typhoid fever. The doctor is prescribing.

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